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Good Practice

Development and Monitoring an integrated system of separate biowaste stream at the Municipalities of Central Macedonia



(Bio-waste Brown Bin)

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Regional Association of Solid Waste Management Agencies of Central Macedonia (FoDSA KM)



7 Regional Units 38 Municipalities 1.8 million Citizens

Solid Waste Facilities in the Region

The responsibilities of FoDSA KM

- integrated treatment of Municipal solid waste, with the aim of reaching the targets set by the European and National Legislation.
- protection of the environment and public health.
- provides an advisory role to its members





ΒΡΕΣ ΤΟ ΝΕΟ ΚΑΦΕ ΤΗΣ ΓΕΙΤΟΝΙΑΣ ΣΟΥ

Find your new "Coffee" bin at your neighborhood!







ΠΕΡΙΦΕΡΕΙΑΚΟΣ ΣΥΝΔΕΣΜΟΣ ΦΟΡΕΩΝ ΔΙΑΧΕΙΡΙΣΗΣ ΣΤΕΡΕΩΝ ΑΠΟΒΛΗΤΩΝ (ΦΟ.Δ.Σ.Α.) ΚΕΝΤΡΙΚΗΣ ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΙΑΣ



Funding of Municipal Bio-waste Equipment and Material to the Municipalities of Central Macedonia

Single beneficiary of sorting at source bio-waste equipment and tools Funded by Operational Programme of Central Macedonia Region 2014-2020

FoDSA KM

- Equipment Provision
- Technical Support of Municipalities and provision of an awareness communication plan
- Biowaste monitoring and treatment

Municipalities

- Develop and monitoring of the brown bin network
- Separate collection and transport to a composting facility
- Fuel, collection personnel, etc
- Information and awareness campaign



Find your new "Coffee" bin at your neighborhood!



- 37 Shredders
- 37 Road Maps for developing separate bio-waste collection networks at Municipal level
- Monitoring Programme
- Technical Support Municipal separate bio-waste collection system
- Public awareness material



- One (1) 240 L bin per 50 residents
- At Municipalities over 63,000 resid., 5% of 240L bins are replaced by a corresponding number of 660L bins

(collection needs of large biowaste producers and/or areas of high population density)





- Frequency: 7 days/week
- Transport: 20 min to the collection area, 90 min to the composting unit
- Emptying time 120sec.
- Maximum collection routes per day: ≤3
- Total route time ≤7h
- Net route time 6.2h
- Capacities: 5m³ and 14m³
- Each municipality received a small vehicle for flexibility purposes



Road Map for the development of the bio-waste collection network at Municipal Level

ΣΧΕΔΙΔΣΜΟΥ εκθέΣΗ 0 KADE

Phase A. Large producers Network

A1. Lange Producers (Food Markets, Hotels, food processing facilities, Fruit Shops) A2. Mass catering establishments, nurseries, kindergartens, hospitals, camps A.3 Restaurants, bakeries, groceries



Phase B. Household Network

- B1. Pilot action to households (around 5,000 residents)
- B2. Municipal level

SLIDE 7

SLIDE 8

Information and Public Awareness Material





Monitoring and tracing bio-waste flows at Municipal Level



Bio-waste quantities:

- ✓ per management facility
- \checkmark per month of production
- ✓ per year
- per producer (municipality, food market, hotel ect)



Quantities INCOMING OUTGOING X tons Municipality A X tons Municipality B **BIO-WASTE** Y tons MAVRORA Municipality C TREATMENT CHI Y tons Y tons Y tons PLANT A STATION Municipality D Municipality E Z tons 2023 Z tons Z tons ANTHEMO Municipality F Z tons **BIO-WASTE** Y tons TREATMENT STATION PLANT B Z tons Sum tons Sum tons TOTAL Tons collected **Total tons**

processed

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Interreg Europe SLIDE 10

SLIDE 11

Progression of Biowaste Collection

MUNICIPAL BIOWASTE SEPERATELLY COLLECTED





Lessons Learned

- Forming a <u>working group</u> with representatives from all departments involved in all stages of the process, as it includes several deadlines, stages and procedures.
- The <u>single funding</u> proposal ensured the fulfilment of the institutional obligation of Local Authorities to <u>simultaneously start</u> of the separate biowaste collection (01/01/2023) throughout Central Macedonia Region regardless of size, staffing and operational readiness of Local Authorities.
- Creating of a <u>common Awareness Campaign</u> material for nearly 2,000,000 million residents created a <u>single identity</u> that works cumulatively with multiplying benefits.
- The single funding procedure <u>saved hours of work</u> and procedures as the whole process was implemented by one beneficiary and not separately for each Local Authority.



Lessons Learned

- This value added process has **<u>shaped a tool</u>** that could be adapted for respective funding procedures of the Municipalities.
- It contributes to the implementation of the <u>new institutional framework</u> which foresees that the <u>financing</u> of Local Authorities' actions could be carried out <u>through</u> <u>Waste Management Authorities</u> with programmatic contracts.
- <u>Additional personnel</u> will be needed for more efficient collection and monitoring. Regular <u>exchange of information</u> between waste management departments in each Region or at national level is necessary within the same type of settlement structure, along with the set-up of a benchmarking process on <u>improving collection efficiency</u>.
- The <u>economic benefit</u> for sorting at source is the decrease of the pricing policy by <u>approximately 55.5%</u>. Therefore, Municipalities have the <u>motive</u> to:
 - diverge the biodegradable fraction of Municipal waste from landfilling
 - fulfill the obligation provided by the Directive 2008/98/EU, for separate collection of bio-waste
 - recover of raw materials and proper treatment to produce compost
 - reduce the waste management cost per Municipality

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KAFE KADOS on the Policy Learning Platform of Interreg Europe

Expert Opinion

"This good practice is an excellent example of a regional integrated system of separate biowaste collection and monitoring.

The example from Greece highlights the economic benefits of an integrated system, as well as the importance of monitoring, potential for an impactful joint awareness raising campaign and single funding proposal.

The good practice can be a very useful and inspirational tool to other European regions that are currently developing or improving their biowaste collection."



Thank you!

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